## SPLIT SYLLABUS : 2023-24 SUBJECT Social Science

CLASS : VIII(EIGHT)

TEXT BOOK - Resource and Development (Geography), Social and Political life (Political Science) Our Pasts-III (History.)

TERM-1	ASSESMENT	MONTH	CHAPTER & Sub Topics	LERNING OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITIES	SYLLABUS COVERAGE
APRIL TO SEPTEMBER	PT-1 Max M: 40 (Weightage 5m)	APRIL	HOW, WHEN AND WHERE How Important are Dates? How do We Know?  RESOURCES Types of Resources Conserving Resources  INDIAN CONSTITUTION	<ul> <li>Understand the notions of the time, associate history with a string of dates, give some coherence to each era of history</li> <li>Learns about divisions of history into Hindu, Muslim and British based on administrative records.</li> <li>Comprehend the meaning of resources in terms of utility and value</li> <li>Respect and care for all-natural resources</li> <li>Familiarize with constitutive rules with the help of the case study of Nepal, learn</li> </ul>	Draw any instrument used for mapping and survey operations during the colonial period. / Visit to Musuem  Draw any four methods of water conservation.  Write and learn the	30% of Term 1

Why do we need a Constitution? Key features of the constitution	very basic understanding of the significance of these features within the working of democracy  • Develop concerns of diversity, unity, socioeconomic reform and Representation, understand the ways in which a balance was created between the then existing concerns and the commitment to transform independent India into a strong and democratic society	<i>g</i> rapny
FROM TRADE TO TERRITORY East India company comes East Company rules expand Setting up a new administration	<ul> <li>Describes the emergence of the British on the political horizon of India, initially it came as a trading company</li> <li>Analyze the process of annexation of Indian states by the East India Company using various strategies</li> <li>Recognize coming up of three presidencies, setting up of new judicial system, massive increase in military strength .</li> <li>Mapwork- Place annexed by the in India.</li> <li>Poster Making or conservation of resourses.</li> </ul>	British

• Understand the physical factors of land use pattern LAND, SOIL, WATER, • Analyse the need for **NATURAL** conservation of Land **VEGETATION AND** resources. WILDLIFE Understand the process Land of soil formation and the Soil causes for degradation. Water Constructive remedies Natural Vegetation & for conservation Wildlife measures. Locate the climatic zones that are most susceptible to water scarcity through case study and execute problem solving skills by stipulating methods for conservation of water resources across the globe. Enumerate factors for distribution of Natural Vegetation and wildlife. • Construct views on conservation of Natural Vegetation and Wildlife to balance the ecology on planet Earth. Learns the concept of peaceful co-existence where all the religions are same in the eyes of the law.

	UNDERSTANDING SECULARISM What is Secularism? Why is it important to separate religion from State? What is Indian Secularism?	<ul> <li>Avoids conflicts of interests and feeling of a subject by accepting that the two have different identities</li> <li>Sense of equality. prevails and all religions enjoy equal freedom.</li> </ul>	Write a poem based on the theme- " Unity in diversity"
	RULING THE COUNTRYSIDE The Company Becomes the Diwan Crops for Europe The "Blue Rebellion" and After	<ul> <li>Analyses critically the company's strategy to become the chief financial administrator of the territory under its control.</li> <li>Learns about the strategy to yield revenue from countryside British expanded the cultivation of opium and indigo</li> <li>Raises questions about Rebellion by riots in Bengal and repressive measures adopted by the British.</li> </ul>	Mapwork- Crops for Europe Picture Comprehension
		Understand the relation     between the ideas of	Role Play on Constitution makers.
	WHY DO WE NEED	participation in decision- making and the need for all	Constitution makers.
JULY	PARLIAMENT?	democratic governments to	

		Why should People Decide? The Role of the Parliament Who are the People in Parliament?  UNDERSTANDING LAWS  Do Laws Apply to All? How Do New Laws Come About? Unpopular and Controversial Laws	have the consent of their citizens  Enables citizens of India to participate in decision making and control the government  Appreciates the reflection of society in the Parliament in form of presence of people from different backgrounds.  Understand the in-Discriminatory basis of law and it integral value in the society  Become sensitive to the problems faced by people  Raise voice against the repressive laws framed by the Parliament and get it corrected
PT2 Max M: 80 (Weightage 80 m)	AUGUST	TRIBALS, DIKUS AND THE VISION OF A GOLDEN AGE. (Project Work-1 <sup>st</sup> term) Internal assessment.	<ul> <li>Explain the disappearing tribal livelihoods, threat to life, danger to jhum cultivation</li> <li>Understand the breaking of tribal social order and</li> <li>Paper Presentation on Lifestyle, Custom &amp; 30 + 20 = 50%</li> <li>We Belief and the rebel involved against British order and</li> <li>Syllabus</li> </ul>

	How Did Tribal Groups Live? How Did Colonial rule affect tribal? A Closer Look  MINERAL AND POWER RESOURCES Types of Minerals Power Resources  WHEN PEOPLE REBEL Policies and the People A Mutiny Becomes a Popular Rebellion	traditional functions due to forest laws  Evaluate the rebellion by the tribal groups in different parts of the country against the changes in laws.  Survey the distribution of minerals across the globe and in India, locate the distribution of important minerals  Examines the vital role played by energy in our lives, critically analyses the reasons associated with the environmental pollution in reference to the usage of conventional sources and the benefits associated with the usage of nonconventional sources of energy.  Examine the reasons for the loss of the powers of Nawabs, unrest of sepoys and peasants, introduction of religious and cultural reforms  Learn about the biggest	Seminar- On conservation of Mineral/Power resource & Conventional Non conventional sources of energy.  Mapwork- Distribution of Minerals in India.	
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JUDICIARY What is the Role of the Judiciary? What is an Independent Judiciary? What is the Structure of Courts in India? What are the Different Branches of the Legal System? Does Everyone Have Access to the Courts?	collective uprising against the British rule in the nineteenth century – mutiny 1857  Describe the repressive measure used by the British against the Indians  Observer transfer of the powers of the East India Company to the British Crown.  Appreciate the significant role played by Indian judiciary in upholding the principles enshrined in the Constitution  Attach significance to the judicial system in upholding the rule of law  Explain three different levels of courts in our country and only one apex court.  Understand civil law and criminal laws with the help of case studies  Recognize greatly simplified justice system and access to justice by common people through public interest litigation  Describe the repressive measure was a pricingle and the principles of the British against the Indians (Proposed Prepare a list of Chief Justices of Supreme Court of India along with their period of service. (From independence till today)
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TERM-2	PT-3 Max M: 40 (Weightage 5m)	SEPTEMBER	REVISION  UNDERSTANDING OUR CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM Role of the Police in Investigating a Crime Role of the Public Prosecutor and a Judge Fair Trial  WEAVERS, IRON SMELTERS AND FACTORY OWNERS Indian Textiles and the World Market The sword of Tipu Sultan and Wootz steel  AGRICULTURE Farm System Agricultural Development	<ul> <li>Understand that the role played by the police is to arrest the person, every individual charged of a crime has to be given a fair trial</li> <li>Examines the Prosecutor's role in conducting the prosecution on behalf of the State and the role of the judge in conducting the trial impartially in an open court</li> <li>Ensures execution of all legal procedures during the trial</li> <li>Study about the exquisite Indian craftsmanship famous all over the world</li> <li>Learns about the Indian Wootz steel and reasons of setting up of Indian steel industry</li> <li>Critically analyse the factors due to which some countries are known for production of major crops.</li> </ul>	Street play  Textile designing(tie & dye)	30% of Term 2
		OCTOBER	Farm System Agricultural	factors due to which some countries are known for	Chart making (Major crops Major regions)	

	CIVILISING THE 'NATIV' AND EDUCATING THE NATION How the British saw Education? What Happened to the Local Schools? The Agenda for a National Education	parameters will enable the learner to frame developmental goals in the field of agriculture  • Comprehend the strategic moves of the British to "civilize the natives" they changed the education policy to create "good subjects"  • Flexible pathshalas run by Indian gurus were discouraged by regulations set by the British government.  • Learn about the need for a wider spread of education propounded by Indian thinker and the government
OCTOBER TO MARCH	UNDERSTANDING MARGINALIZATION Who are Adivasis? Stereotyping and development Minorities and Marginalization	<ul> <li>Identify various Indian communities the original inhabitant who lived in close association with forests. Learn about their beliefs and traditions.</li> <li>Break the stereotypical semblance about their looks, costumes, dances etc.Cement the interconnectedness between the economic and</li> </ul>

INDUSTRIES Classification of Industries Distribution of major industries  WOMEN, CASTE AND	social dimensions of the tribal life  Address marginalization of minorities through various struggles  Categorize different types of industries based on raw materials, size and ownership,  Examine different factors affecting location of industries, studies industrial System and enlist industrial regions across the world.  Understanding Case studies of Iron and Steel and Cotton and Textile	Make a Flow chart to illustrate the Classification of industries.
REFORMS Working Towards Change Caste and Social Reform	<ul> <li>Apprehend the gender and caste differences prevailing in the society.</li> <li>Appreciate the contribution of Indian thinkers in</li> </ul>	Collect information about the contribution of any FIVE Woman social reformers of our country and prepare a
CONFRONTING MARGINALIZATION Invoking Fundamental Rights Laws for the Marginalized Protecting the Rights of Dalits and Adivasis Adivasi Demands and the	<ul> <li>bringing the social reforms to uplift the society</li> <li>Acquire understanding about Article 15 that has been used by Dalits to seek equality</li> <li>Promote Social Justice through understanding of specific laws and policies</li> </ul>	detailed project with relevant pictures (II TERM PROJECT: INTERNAL ASSESSMENT  Poster making- Steps taken by the Government in protecting the rights of

	1989 Act	<ul> <li>Raise voice against the practice of ostracism by the powerful castes in the village.</li> <li>Understand the act of 1989 and take seriously the ill treatment and humiliation Dalits and tribal group.</li> <li>Evaluates the impact of Population Change analysis</li> </ul>	Dalits and Adivasis. (II TERM ACTIVITY- INTERNAL ASSESSMENT)
	HUMAN RESOURCES Density of Population	<ul> <li>Population Change analysis causes and patterns of Population Change globally.</li> <li>Estimates the importance of different Population Composition (age groups) and their contribution the national economy.</li> <li>Feel part of the modern consciousness or nationalism</li> <li>Describe the emergence of freedom fighters and struggle against the Foreign</li> </ul>	Mapwork- Most populous countries of the world
	THE MAKING OF NATIONAL MOVEMENT:	rule  • Emergence of Gandhi on	
	1870S—1947 The Emergence of Nationalism The Growth of Mass Nationalism	<ul> <li>the Indian political scenario</li> <li>His contribution to the</li> <li>attaining the Independence</li> <li>Appreciate the nationwide</li> <li>demand of the freedom</li> </ul>	
DECEMBER	The March to Dandi Quit India and Later	fighters to leave India and Muslim league's demand for partition	Collage ( Leaders, Slogan, Movements)

ANNUAL EXAMINATION Max M: 80 (Weightage 80 m)	INDIA AFTER INDEPENDENCE A New and Divided Nation A Constitution is Written How were States to be Formed? Planning for Development The Nation, Sixty Years On  PUBLIC FACILITIES Water and the People of Chennai Water as Part of the Fundamental Right to Life Public Facilities In Search of Alternatives  LAW AND SOCIAL JUSTICE Bhopal gas tragedy - What is a Worker's Worth Enforcement of Safety Laws New Laws to Protect the	<ul> <li>Understand the challenges in making India a nation-state.</li> <li>Learn significance of the lengthiest constitution of new India.</li> <li>Attach significance to the linguistic basis of the formation of states</li> <li>Understand the setting up of a Planning Commission to help design and execute suitable policies for economic development.</li> <li>Feel proud of the continual achievements of India like still united and still democratic</li> <li>Diagnose importance of equal availability, affordability and quality of water for all through case study of Chennai.</li> <li>Identify the right to water as being a part of the Right to Life under Article 21 or universal access to water.</li> <li>Recognize crucial role of the government in providing public facilities.</li> </ul>	Assembly talk- on Planning for Development.  Prepare a chart to illustrate the factors responsible for shortage of water in India (Pictorial illustration) (II TERM ACTIVITY)  Give some examples of situations where laws exist but people do not follow them because of poor enforcement. (Stick relevant pictures) Suggest some ways in which enforcement can be improved.	30 % of Term  1  +  Entire  syllabus of  Term 2
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	Environment	<ul> <li>Critically analyze the situation and find out the most suitable options to exterminate the problem.</li> <li>Analyze the causes of the tragedy and to combat injustice against the worker.</li> <li>Learns about the right to Life guaranteed under Article 21 of the Constitution and need for strict adherence.</li> <li>Demand stronger laws protecting workers' interests and environment etc.</li> </ul>	
FEBRUARY	REVISION		
MARCH	ANNUAL EXAM		